

*2019 Earth Science Technology Forum (ESTF2019)*  
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# **Panel Session:**

# **Integrating Software and Hardware for New Observing Strategies**

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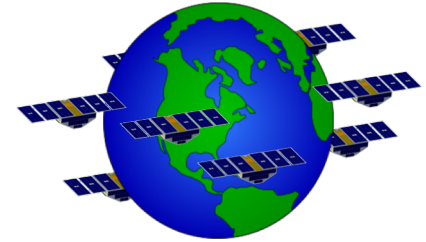
Principal Investigator, NASA CYGNSS Mission



# CYGNSS Science Objectives and Mission Design

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❖ **CYGNSS Mission consists of 8 microsattellites, each with a 4-channel GPS bi-static radar receiver**



## ❖ **Science Goals**

- Understand the coupling between ocean surface properties, moist atmospheric thermodynamics, radiation, and convective dynamics in the inner core of a tropical cyclone (TC)

## ❖ **CYGNSS uses a new measurement technique and a new satellite mission architecture**

- Measure the distortion of GPS signals scattered from the ocean surface to determine ocean surface roughness and wind speed
- Use small satellites so many can be flown to improve sampling
- The constellation lies in a common ~520 km altitude circular orbit at 35° inclination

# CYGNSS Pre-launch Development Lessons Learned

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## ❖ Constellation assembly and testing

- Multiple, parallel, focused engineering models to flesh out systemic design risks
- First flight model follows more traditional AI&T
- 2 through N FMs built with less testing at intermediate stages of A&I

## ❖ Redefining reliability at the constellation (not spacecraft) level

- Allows for more single points of failure at s/c level
- Constellation-level redundancy

# CYGNSS Mission Operations

## Lessons Learned

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- ❖ **Early on-orbit ops for the constellation is not that different in approach, just xN busier**
- ❖ **Autonomous routine ground contacts**
  - Once the commissioning phase is over, it is critical to automate the regular, repetitive tasks such as scheduled ground contacts, engineering state-of-health monitoring, and science data downlinks
- ❖ **Autonomous recovery from anomalies**
  - Anomalies happen. It is critical for recovery from them to not require extensive manual intervention from the ground, unless they are anomalous anomalies.
  - It is critical to understand and have robust, reliable detection and classification of common and anomalous anomalies
- ❖ **Automated command scripting for non-standard ops**
  - Support differential drag s/c attitude maneuvers

# CYGNSS Science Investigations

## Lessons Learned

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### ❖ Automated command scripting for non-standard ops

- Support a wide variety of science team investigations with special data-taking ops

### ❖ 24/7 Operations @ 100% Duty Cycle

- Simplifies ground ops
- Led to discovery of significant new science and applications capabilities from GPS reflections over land

